Listing of Claims

- 1. (currently amended) An optical waveguide comprising:
 - a bottom boundary material;

a precursor waveguide material deposited on the bottom boundary material, the precursor waveguide material formed from a two-component plasma reaction in a substantially air-evacuated plasma chamber, a first component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-carbon containing and non-oxygenated silicon donor, and a second component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-silicon containing and non-oxygenated organic precursor, the precursor waveguide material comprising (Si-H) and (Si-Si) low molecular weight fragments in the form of particles generated by modified forms of the silicon donor in the plasma reaction, the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) particles interstitially situated within a substantially non-photosensitive organic polymer matrix formed from plasma-polymerization of the organic precursor, the precursor waveguide material forming on the bottom boundary layer:

a waveguide core; and

a one or more side boundaries formed by selectively photo-oxidizing a region of the precursor waveguide material adjacent to the waveguide core by exposing the region of the precursor waveguide material to a radiated electromagnetic energy in the presence of oxygen, whereby primarily the silicon in the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) fragments oxidize to form the one or more side boundaries of the waveguide core; and

a top boundary material formed over the precursor waveguide material.

- 2. (original) The optical waveguide of claim 1 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, phenyls and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 3. (original) The optical waveguide of claim 1 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 4. (original) The optical waveguide of claim 1 wherein the first component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of monosilane, disilane and dichlorsilane.

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- 5. (original) The optical waveguide of claim 4 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 6. (canceled)
- 7. (canceled)
- 8. (canceled)
- 9. (canceled)
- 10. (canceled)
- 11. (canceled)
- 12. (canceled)
- 13. (currently amended) A vertically stacked, multiple waveguide core, plasma deposited waveguide structure comprising:

an at least two waveguide core layers, each of the at least two waveguide core layers formed from a two-component plasma reaction in a substantially air-evacuated plasma chamber, a first component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-carbon containing and non-oxygenated silicon donor, and a second component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-silicon containing and non-oxygenated organic precursor, each of the at least two waveguide core layers comprising (Si-H) and (Si-Si) low molecular weight fragments in the form of particles generated by modified forms of the silicon donor in the plasma reaction, the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) particles interstitially situated within a substantially non-photosensitive organic polymer matrix formed from plasma-polymerization of the organic precursor, wherein an at least one region of an each one of the at least two waveguide core layers is selectively photo-oxidized by exposing the at least one region to a radiated electromagnetic energy in the presence of oxygen whereby primarily the silicon in the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) fragments oxidize in the at least one region of each one of the at least two waveguide core layers, the at least two waveguide core layers arranged in a stack having a first layer and a last layer;

a barrier layer disposed between the each one of the at least two waveguide core layers, the barrier layer comprising a material for blocking transmission of the radiated electromagnetic energy; a bottom boundary material disposed over the first layer of the at least two waveguide core layers, the bottom boundary layer forming a first end layer of the plasma deposited waveguide structure; and

a top boundary material disposed over the last layer of the at least two waveguide core layers, the top boundary material forming a second end layer of the plasma deposited waveguide structure, whereby a light signal is selectively guided through each of the at least two waveguide core layers.

- 14. (canceled)
- 15. (canceled)
- 16. (previously presented) The waveguide structure of claim 13 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, phenyls and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 17. (previously presented) The waveguide structure of claim 13 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 18. (previously presented) The waveguide structure of claim 13 wherein the first component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of monosilane, disilane and dichlorsilane.
- 19. (previously presented) The waveguide structure of claim 18 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 20. (currently amended) An optical waveguide comprising:
 - a bottom boundary material;
- a precursor waveguide material deposited on the bottom boundary material, the precursor waveguide material formed from a two-component plasma reaction in a substantially air-evacuated plasma chamber, a first component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-carbon containing and non-oxygenated silicon donor, and a second component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-silicon containing and non-oxygenated organic precursor, the precursor waveguide material comprising (Si-H) and (Si-Si) low molecular weight fragments in the form of particles generated by modified forms of the silicon donor in the plasma reaction, the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) particles interstitially situated within a substantially non-photosensitive organic

polymer matrix <u>formed from plasma-polymerization of the organic precursor</u>, the precursor waveguide material forming on the bottom boundary material:

a side boundary material; and

a waveguide core formed by selectively photo-oxidizing a region of the precursor waveguide material in the side boundary material by exposing the region to a radiated electromagnetic energy in the presence of oxygen whereby primarily the silicon in the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) fragments oxidize to form the waveguide core; and

a top boundary material formed over the precursor waveguide material.

- 21. (previously presented) The optical waveguide of claim 20 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, phenyls and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 22. (previously presented): The optical waveguide of claim 20 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 23. (previously presented) The optical waveguide of claim 20 wherein the first component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of monosilane, disilane and dichlorsilane.
- 24. (previously presented) The optical waveguide of claim 23 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.
- 25. (currently amended) An optical waveguide comprising: a bottom boundary material;

an at least two layers of precursor waveguide material deposited on the bottom boundary material, each of the at least two layers of precursor waveguide material formed from a two-component plasma reaction in a substantially air-evacuated plasma chamber, a first component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-carbon containing and non-oxygenated silicon donor, and a second component of the two-component plasma reaction comprising a non-silicon containing and non-oxygenated organic precursor, each of the at least two layers of precursor waveguide material comprising (Si-H) and (Si-Si) low molecular weight fragments in the form of particles generated by modified forms of the silicon donor in the plasma reaction, the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) particles interstitially situated within a substantially non-photosensitive organic

polymer matrix <u>formed from plasma-polymerization of the organic precursor</u>, each of the at least two layers of the precursor waveguide material comprising:

a waveguide core formed in at least one of the at least two layers of the precursor waveguide material by selectively photo-oxidizing a first region of the precursor waveguide material by exposing the first region of the precursor waveguide material to a radiated electromagnetic energy in the presence of oxygen whereby primarily the silicon in the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) fragments oxidize in the first region; and

a one or more side boundaries formed by selectively photo-oxidizing a second region of the precursor waveguide material adjacent to the waveguide core by exposing the second region of the precursor waveguide material to a radiated electromagnetic energy in the presence of oxygen, whereby primarily the silicon in the (Si-H) and (Si-Si) fragments oxidize in the second region to form the one or more side boundaries of the waveguide core; and

a top boundary material formed over the at least two layers of precursor waveguide material.

- 26. (previously presented): The optical waveguide of claim 25 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, phenyls and aromatic hydrocarbons.
- 27. (previously presented): The optical waveguide of claim 25 wherein the first component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of monosilane, disilane and dichlorsilane.
- 28. (previously presented): The optical waveguide of claim 27 wherein the second component of the two-component plasma reaction is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, methane, ethane and toluene.